

above, sums of Rs. 4,770 and Rs. 76,325 were spent exclusively on Muslims and the Backward and the Depressed Classes respectively. In addition, a sum of Rs. 14,613 was spent on scholarships and prizes from the proceeds of endowments, against Rs. 14,118 in 1930-31.

16. *Hostels*.—Including the five hostels attached to the University; there were in all 98 hostels (30 Government and 68 Aided) with a strength of 3,978 against 97, with a strength of 3,516 in the year previous.

17. *The Scout Movement*.—Government are glad to note that Scouting continued to be popular and is making good progress. There were 238 scout troops, 59 cub packs, and 15 crews with a total membership of 8,973 spread over 312 ranks against 6,310 members spread over 308 ranks in the previous year. The chief event during the year was the deputation of a party of 12 scouters to attend the Rally at Trivandrum in November 1932, in connection with the investiture of His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore with ruling powers.

The Girl Guide movement was revived and an influential committee formed with Lady Mirza Ismail as Chief Commissioner and Chairman. The Girl Guides of the State were also affiliated to the All-India Organisation and through it, to the World Organisation. A number of ladies were deputed for training at the Girl Guide camp at Ootacamund, during the summer vacation.

18. *Medical Inspection*.—This has become an integral part of the State system of education. The scheme was continued in the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore with a common agency for the University and the Department, and in the 15 Taluk Headquarters where the scheme is self-supporting. Government trust that proper attention is being paid to the curative treatment of the ailments discovered without which mere inspection is of little use.

19. *General*.—The most important event of the year in the matter of education was the transfer of the administration of Elementary Education to the local bodies. The Director, however, states that the main object of such transfer, viz., the improvement and expansion of Elementary Education, is not likely to be realised in the near future owing to the lack of funds. Government agree with the Director in the view that Primary Education must be the abiding concern of the community and a first charge on its improved resources, and they trust that the various Local Education Authorities will rise to the occasion and exercise the powers given to them under the Elementary Education Regulation to raise extra funds for the purposes of the Regulation.

Government are glad to record that the work of the Department during the year was on the whole satisfactory. Their thanks are also due to the several non-officials who co-operated with the Department and generously supplemented the efforts of Government in the cause of education.

S. N. APPANNA IYENGAR,

Secretary to Government,
General Department.

PUBLIC WORKS SECRETARIAT

Appoints the Assistant Commissioner in charge of District Treasury, Chikmagalur, to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Land Acquisition Regulation.

READ—

Letter No. A. 7-1260-26—2, dated the 31st May 1933, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District (addressed to the General Secretary), regarding the acquisition of certain properties for the construction of Taluk Office Building at Chikmagalur, sanctioned in Notification No. P. W. 1866-9376, dated 27th September 1915.

ORDER No. P. W. 127-29—S., DATED BANGALORE, THE
17TH JULY 1933.

In connection with the acquisition of the properties sanctioned in the above Government Order, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of District Treasury, Chikmagalur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner, under the Land Acquisition Regulation and authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said properties.

M. G. RANGAIYA,

Secretary to Government.